## INSTRUCTIONS FOR COLONOSCOPY

(USING SUPREP LAXATIVE)

(OBTAIN ONE KIT OF SUPREP AT ANY PHARMACY, A PRESCRIPTION IS REQUIRED.)

### For Suprep Coupon: Visit www.Suprep.com READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

## <u>REPORT TO</u> the Endoscopy Lab, Mission Hospital Regional Medical Center, 27700 Medical Center Road, Mission Viejo 92691

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Arrival Time \_\_\_\_\_

- 1) If you are taking Iron pills, please stop this for three days before your procedure.
- If you are taking blood thinning medicines like Coumadin (Warfarin), Pradaxa, Xarelto or Plavix, please consult your doctor. You may need to stop these medications for at least 5-7 days prior to your procedure.
- 3) **Do not eat any seeds like popcorn, multigrain bread, sesame, granola bar, corn for one week** prior to colonoscopy.

### 4) Day Before Examination

- Drink only "clear liquids" for breakfast, lunch, and dinner. Solid foods, milk or milk products are **not** allowed.
- "CLEAR LIQUIDS" INCLUDE:
  - $\Rightarrow$  Strained fruit juices without pulp (apple, white grape, lemonade)
  - $\Rightarrow$  Water, Clear broth or bouillon
  - $\Rightarrow$  Coffee or tea (without milk or non-dairy creamer)
  - $\Rightarrow$  All of the following that are **not** colored red or purple
    - O Gatorade, Carbonated and non-carbonated soft drinks
    - ♦ Kool-Aid (or other fruit flavored drinks), Ice popsicles
    - Plain Jello (without added fruits or toppings)

### Evening (6 pm)

- Pour once 6-ounce bottle of SUPREP into the mixing container provided with the kit. Add cool drinking water to the 16-ounce line on the container and mix.
- Drink ALL the liquid in the container.
- You MUST drink two (2) more 16-ounce containers of water over the next hour. Drink more if desired.

### 5) Day of Examination

### Morning Dose of Laxative: (Four hours before your colonoscopy arrival time)

- Repeat the same instructions as mentioned above for the prior evening dose, using the other 6ounce bottle of SUPREP.
- You MUST drink two (2) more 16-ounce containers of water over the next hour. Drink more if desired.
- Finish drinking all liquids at least <u>2 hours before</u> your colonoscopy arrival time. Please eat NO BREAKFAST and <u>AVOID DARK COFFEE</u> on the morning of your examination.
- Arrive for Colonoscopy at your scheduled time.
- 6) **MEDICATIONS** 
  - (a) Evening prior to your examination: Take any of your usually prescribed medications more than two hours before or two hours after you take the SUPREP. This is to decrease the chance of your pills being washed out of your intestines before they can be absorbed.
  - (b) On the morning of the procedure: Take all your usually prescribed medications with water before 6 am. If you are a **DIABETIC**, please discuss with your doctor scheduling this test, what you should do with your insulin on the morning of the procedure.
- 7) You will probably require some medication by vein for the procedure to relax you. This medication may make you sleepy for a few hours. If you receive this medication you will be required to remain here at the Endoscopy Center for about half an hour after the procedure is completed for observation.
- 8) If you receive this relaxing medication by vein, you cannot safely drive yourself home after the test. Therefore, plan on having someone bring you to the Endoscopy Center and return you home after the procedure. Likewise, you should not plan on operating any heavy or dangerous machinery until the day after the procedure.
- 9) Wear loose comfortable clothing. Please wear or bring a pair of socks with you.

If there are any questions regarding the procedure or its scheduling, please call our office at (949) 365-8836.

### At least 2 days PRIOR to the procedure Call Mission Hospital at 949-364-1400, Ext. 1810 to PREADMIT

## Colonoscopy

Om P. Chaurasia, MD, FACP Pacific Gastroenterology Medical Associates, Inc. 26421 Crown Valley Pkwy, Suite 140A Mission Viejo, California 92691



National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases

National Digestive Diseases Information Clearinghouse 2 Information Way Bethesda, MD 20892-3570 Tel: (301) 654-3810 Fax: (301) 907-8906 E-mail: nddic@info.niddk.nih.gov

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES National Institutes of Health

NIH Publication No. 98-4331 June 1998

National Digestive Diseases Information Clearinghouse

### Colonoscopy

Colonoscopy (koh-luh-NAH-skuh-pee) lets the physician look inside your entire large intestine, from the lowest part, the rectum, all the way up through the colon to the lower end of the small intestine. The procedure is used to diagnose the causes of unexplained changes in bowel habits. It is also used to look for early signs of cancer in the colon and rectum. Colonoscopy enables the physician to see inflamed tissue, abnormal growths, ulcers, bleeding, and muscle spasms.

For the procedure, you will lie on your left side on the examining table. You will probably be given pain medication and a mild sedative to keep you comfortable and to help you relax during the exam. The physician will insert a long, flexible, lighted tube into your rectum and slowly guide it into your colon. The tube is called a colonoscope (koh-LON-oh-skope). The scope transmits an image of the inside of the colon, so the physician can carefully examine the lining of the colon. The scope bends, so the physician can move it around the curves of your colon. You may be asked to change position occasionally to help the physician move the scope. The scope also blows air into your colon, which inflates the colon and helps the physician see better.

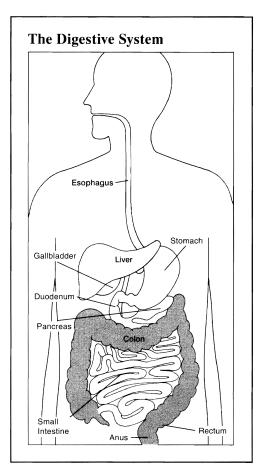
If anything unusual is in your colon, like a polyp or inflamed tissue, the physician can remove a piece of it using tiny instruments passed through the scope. That tissue (biopsy) is then sent to a lab for testing. If there is bleeding in the colon, the physician can pass a laser, heater probe, or electrical probe, or inject special medicines, through the scope and use it to stop the bleeding.

Bleeding and puncture of the colon are possible complications of colonoscopy. However, such complications are uncommon.

Colonoscopy takes 30 to 60 minutes. The sedative and pain medicine should keep you from feeling much discomfort during the exam. You will need to remain at the physician's office for 1 to 2 hours until the sedative wears off.

### Preparation

Your colon must be completely empty for the colonoscopy to be thorough and safe. To prepare for the procedure you may have to follow a liquid diet for 1 to 3 days beforehand. A liquid diet means fat-free bouillon or broth, Jell-O<sup>®</sup>, strained fruit juice, water, plain coffee, plain tea, or diet soda. You may need to take laxatives or an enema before the procedure. Also, you must arrange for someone to take you home afterward—you will not be allowed to drive because of the sedatives. Your physician may give you other special instructions.



### Your physician has fact sheets on other diagnostic tests:

- ERCP
- Upper Endoscopy
- Lower GI Series Upper GI Series
- Sigmoidoscopy

## **Campus MAP**

**Mission Conference Center** 26726 Crown Valley Parkway

Medical Office Buildings 1,2,3 27800 Medical Center Road

## **CHOC Children's** at Mission Hospital

27700 Medical Center Road 5th Floor of Tower 1

**Mission Medical Plaza** 26800 Crown Valley Parkway

**Mission Medical Tower** 26732 Crown Valley Parkway

**Mission Surgery Center** 26730 Crown Valley Parkway



**Billing / Credit and Collections** (800) 378-4189

## Important Numbers

**CHOC Children's at Mission Hospital** (949) 347-8400

> **Health Information Services** (Medical Records) (949) 364-7724

**Interpreter Services** (949) 364-1400, ext. 0

> Main Number (Operator) (949) 364-1400

**Find a Physician/Class Information** (877) 459-3627

> Security (949) 364-1400, ext. 5000



Mission Hospital

27700 Medical Center Road Mission Viejo, CA 92691 mission4health.com

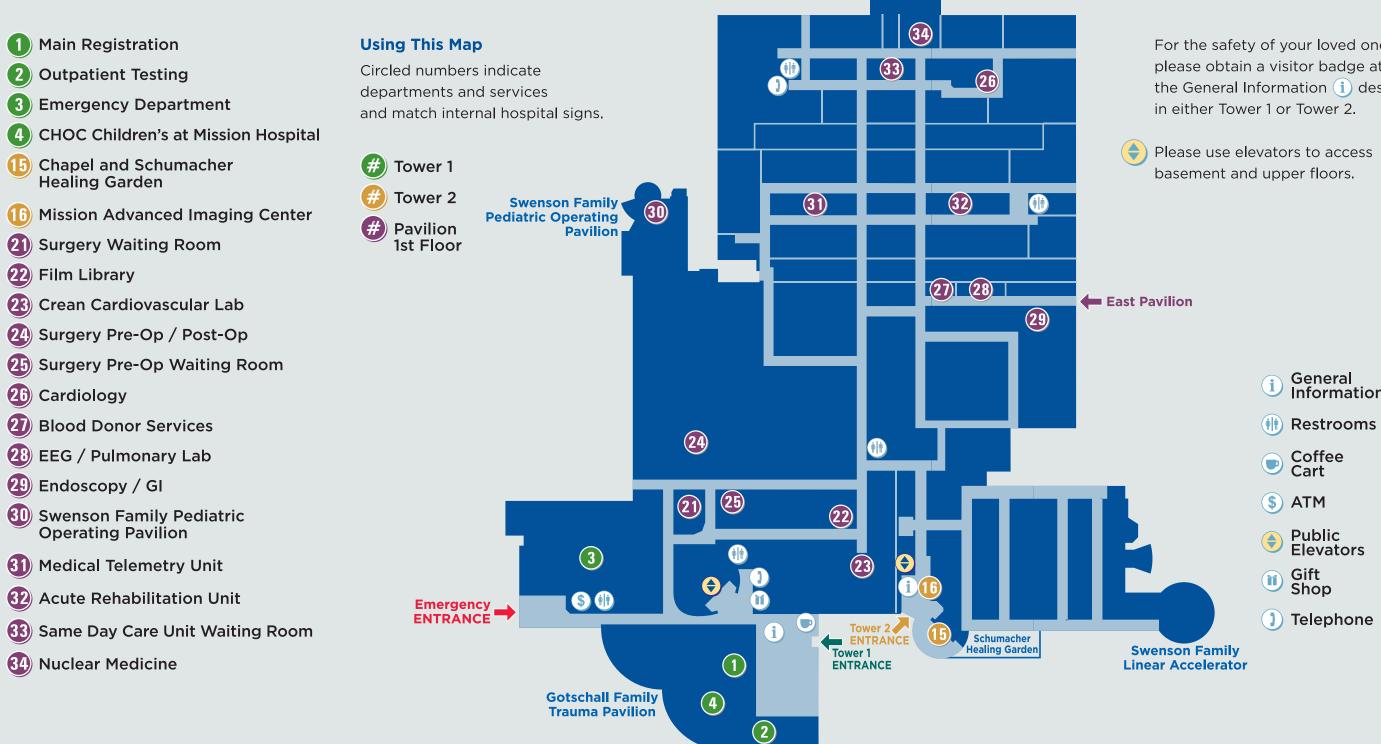
# Campus MAP





**Mission Hospital** A member of the St. Joseph Hoag Health alliance

## **Mission Hospital**



For the safety of your loved one, please obtain a visitor badge at the General Information (i) desk in either Tower 1 or Tower 2.

General Information

Please use elevators to access basement and upper floors.

## **Patient Rooms**

### TOWER 1 🔶

**Basement** 

Garden Café

### 2nd Floor

Bender Birthing Suites	- 16
Obstetrics High Risk Suites	- 21
Moiso Mother-Baby Suites	277

### **3rd Floor**

Family Lounge / Resource Library	
Oncology/Medical Unit 3 West	301 – 327
Surgical Unit 3 East	351 – 377

### **4th Floor Muldoon Cardiac Center**

Cardiac Telemetry Unit	401 – 427
Cardiac Intensive Care Unit	1 – 28

### **5th Floor**

### **CHOC Children's at Mission Hospital**

Neonatal Intensive Care Unit	
Pediatrics Short Stay Unit	. 501 – 516
Pediatric Intensive Care Unit	
Ronald McDonald Family Room	

## TOWER 2 🖨

**Neuroscience & Spine Institute 2nd Floor** 

Pre-Op and Post-Op Surgery

**3rd Floor** Zimmer Neuroscience Wing Surgical Intensive Care Unit (SICU) . . . . . . . 1 – 21

### 4th Floor

Progressive Care and Stroke Unit	
(PCSU)	1 – 2-425

### PAVILION **(31)** Medical Telemetry Unit

**32** Acute Rehabilitation Unit

### **(33)** Same Day Care Unit